

### Type o transportation

Unidade 5 - Basic 1





# Giving directions advices:

Go along this street for about 150 metres. Go straight ahead for about 100 s metres. Walk until the end of this street. Take the first turning on the right. Take the first turning on the left. Take the third turning on the right. Go past the supermarket. Go along the park. Walk across the street. It isn't too far. It's on the left. Well, it's near the hospital. Cross the street at the traffic light. It's opposite the cinema. It's behind the high school. It's in front of the railway station. Turn left at the corner. You'd better take bus number 10 You can't miss it. Let me show you on the map. It's on the third floor. It's in the basement. Take the lift, please.



Excuse me, Can you tell me the way to the Post Office?

Excuse me, is the Ritz Hotel far from here?

What's the best way to get to the Museum?

Could you help me to find a Chemist?

Could you tell me how far is the nearest supermarket?

I'm sorry. I can't help you. I'm a stranger here myself.

Where is the elevator/lift?



## English Conversation: Bus Station

Where is the bus station? How do I get to the bus station? How can I get to the bus station?

Where is the bus timetable? Where can I find out departure and arrival times?

#### Is this bus schedule still in effect?

Is this the current bus schedule? Is this schedule still valid? Has this schedule been modified? Has this schedule been changed? Are the times on this schedule correct?

#### What bus will take me to...?

Which route goes to...? What route do I take to get to...? What bus do I take to get to...?

#### Where can I buy a ticket?

Where is the ticket office? Where do I get in line to buy a ticket? Where can I purchase a ticket?

### Is it possible to buy the ticket on the bus?

Will I be able to buy a ticket on the bus? May I buy the ticket from the driver? Can I just pay after I get on the bus? Are tickets sold in the bus?



#### How much does the ticket cost?

I need a one-way ticket to... One-way ticket to..., please.

I need a return ticket. I'd like a return ticket.

How much is a round-trip ticket? How much does it cost both ways?

How long is a round-trip ticket good for? When is the last day I can use my return ticket? When does this ticket expire? By what day do I have to return?

# Are there any discount fares for several trips?

Do you give discounts for several trips? Do I get a discount for traveling often?

Is there a group rate? Are there any discounts for groups?

#### Can I sit anywhere I want?

Does this ticket designate a specific seat?

#### I want to cancel this ticket.

Can I get my money back? Can I get a refund? Add a little bit of body text



### **Conversation - Giving directions advices:**



Answer the following questions with the help of the map.

#### Example:

<u>Student A</u>: How can I get from this record shop to the zoo? <u>Student B</u>: Go along Hill Street, turn left in Upper Street. The zoo is opposite the hospital, next to the hotel.

Use the words opposite, next to, between, turn left/right, go along.



#### Student A:

- How can I get from this restaurant to the nearest supermarket?
- How can I get from the station to the nearest bank?
- How can I get from this record shop to the nearest hotel?



#### Student B:

- How can I get from this bank to the airport?
- How can I get from this supermarket to the station?
- How can I get from the station to the zoo?



### Unidade 4 e 5 - Gramática e Exercícios

Possessive Adje	ctives						
Subject Pronoun	1	you	he	she	it	we	they
Possessive Adjective	my	your	his	her	its	our	their
*Use possessive a people, and place <b>My</b> name is John. What's <b>your</b> name That's <b>his</b> car. *Possessive adject singular and plura	es. ? tives h	Tho Our The nave on	se ar hou <b>ir</b> da ly on	re <b>her</b> se is l ughte e forn	boo here her is a	oks. a tead both	

Use possessive adjectives to complete the conversation.

#### 1. Use possessive adjectives to complete the conversation.

A: What's that?

B: It's a photo of (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_ family. This is my sister and (2)

husband. They have two children. (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_ names are Karina and Juan.

A: Are those (4) \_\_\_\_\_ parents?

B: Well, that's my mother and that's my stepfather. (5)

name is Leon.

Possessive Nouns	
Singular Nouns	Plural Nouns
Sheila's car the student's house (one student)	the men's pens the students' house (more than one student)
Add -'s to a name: Jim' With plural nouns endir the s: my parents' hous *The possessive 's is no Antonio's from Brazil. =	ng in <i>s</i> , put the apostrophe after se, the students' books ot a contraction of <i>is</i> :

2. Put the words in order and add the possessive 's.

1. car / Joe / is / old.

2. Vicky / these / are / pens.

3. Andrew / birthday / tomorrow. / is

4. hair / is / Laura / long.

5. Kate / friends. / Lucas and Chen / are

6. parents / it / is / my / house.

Have, Has	
Statements	Negative
I / You / We / They <b>have</b> a phone. He / She / It <b>has</b> food.	I / You / We / They <b>don't have</b> a phone. He / She / It does <b>n't have</b> food.
Yes / No Questions	Short Answers
Do I / you / we / they <b>have</b> a phone? Does he / she / it <b>have</b> food?	Yes, I / you / we / they <b>do</b> . No, I / you / we / they <b>don't</b> . Yes, he / she / it <b>does</b> . No, he / she / it <b>doesn't</b> .

#### 3. Complete the sentences with have or has.

- 1. Jaime \_\_\_\_\_\_ a new laptop.
- 2. Do you \_\_\_\_\_\_ a cell phone?
- 3. I don't \_\_\_\_\_\_ an interesting book.
- 4. Does Lee \_\_\_\_\_\_ a TV?
- 5. Sofia \_\_\_\_\_\_ sunglasses.

#### **Simple Present**

Use the simple present to talk about:

- daily activities and routines: Every day, I start work at nine o'clock.
- permanent situations: She lives in San Francisco.

Statement		
I / You / We / They	start	work at nine o'clock.
He / She / It	starts	work at nine o clock.

#### **Spelling Rules**

- Add -s to most verbs after He / She / It: start → starts, work → works
- Add -es after verbs ending with -s, -sh, or -ch: finish → finishes, watch → watches
- With verbs that end in -y, replace the y with an i and add -es. study → studies

Negative			
I / You / We / They	don't	start	work at nine
He / She / It	doesn't	start	o'clock.

Wh- Question	s		
What	do	I / you / we / they	do?
What time When Where	does	he / she / it	start work? leave work? live?

#### 4. Write the verb in the correct form.

- 1. He \_\_\_\_\_\_ (play) the piano.
- 2. I \_\_\_\_\_ (not study) math.
- 3. Where \_\_\_\_\_ they \_\_\_\_\_ (live)?
- 4. Mark \_\_\_\_\_\_ (watch) TV every day.
- 5. He \_\_\_\_\_ (not work) in this office.
- 6. What time \_\_\_\_\_\_ she \_\_\_\_\_ (finish)?
- 7. Eliza \_\_\_\_\_ (study) English in college.
- 8. They \_\_\_\_\_ (not commute) on weekends.
- 5. Unscramble the words.
- six thirty I up get at \_\_\_\_\_

at eight o'clock start work Elena does not	

have we thirty lunch at one	
-----------------------------	--

I morning take a shower every	
-------------------------------	--

Time Expressions with the Simple Present		
on + days and dates	at + times	<i>in + the +</i> times of the day
on Sunday(s) on weekdays on weekends	at five o'clock at noon / midnight at lunchtime at night (time)	in the morning in the afternoon in the evening

#### 6. Write on, at, or in.

- 1. The meeting is\_\_\_\_\_ noon.
- 2. I work\_\_\_\_\_\_ night, so I go to bed\_\_\_\_\_\_ the morning.
- 3. There's a party \_\_\_\_\_ Saturday.
- 4. We go to the gym \_\_\_\_\_\_ the evening, after work.

- 5. Do you finish work \_\_\_\_\_\_ five o'clock?
- 6. \_\_\_\_\_\_ weekends, he visits his parents.

Simple F	Present Qu	estions	
Do	l you we they	live like	in Brazil? soccer?
Does	he she it	have	a laptop?

Short /	Answers	
Vac	I / you / we / they	do.
Yes, he/s	he / she / it	does.
No	I / you / we / they	don't.
No,	he / she / it	doesn't.

- 7. Complete the conversation with the correct form of do.
- A: (1) \_\_\_\_\_ you live in the city?
- B: No, I (2) \_\_\_\_\_. I live in the countryside. My family has a house there.
- A: Oh, (3) \_\_\_\_\_ you have any children?
- B: Yes, two. A boy and a girl.
- A: (4) \_\_\_\_\_ they like it?
- B: My daughter (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_. She loves the countryside. But my son (6) \_\_\_\_\_.

Gabarito

1.	Possessives:	3. Complete the sentences with have or has.
	My – Her- Their – You – His	has
2.	Put the words in order and add the possessive 's.	have
	Joe's car is old.	have
	These are Vicky's pens.	have
	Andrew's birthday is tomorrow.	has
	Laura's hair is long.	
	It is my parents' house.	4. Write the verb in the correct form.
		1. plays
5.	Unscramble the words.	2. don't study
	I get up at six thirty.	3. do, live
	Elena does not start work at eight o'clock.	4. watches
	We have lunch at one thirty	5. doesn't work
	I take a shower every morning.	6. does, finish
6.	Write <i>on, at,</i> or <i>in</i> .	7. studies
	At,	8. don't commute
	at, in	
	on	7.
	in	Do
	at	don't
	on	do
		Do
		Does
		doesn't